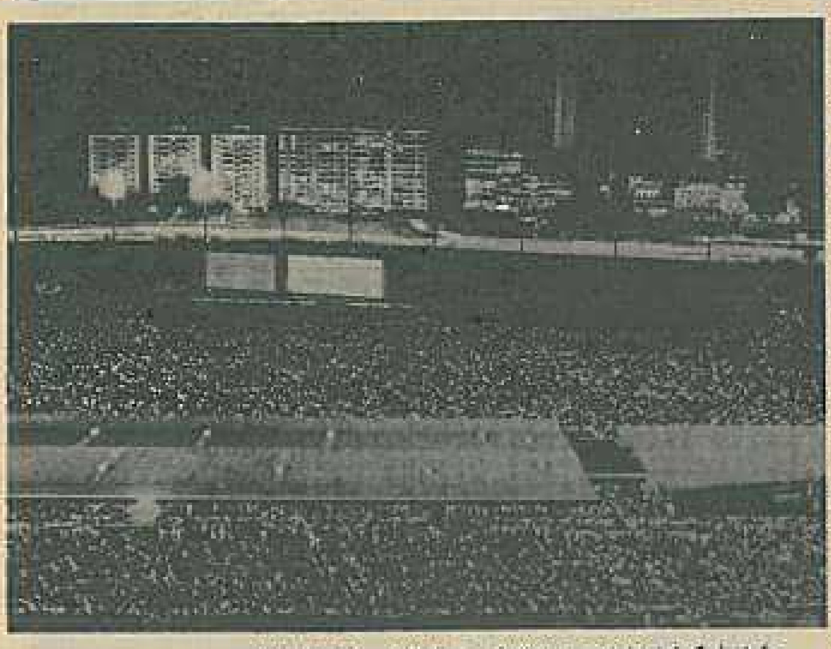
大公報
Ta Kung Pao
342 Hennessy Road, H…

香港有史以來最大規模遊行
百萬民衆上街聲援北京學生



香港市民大遊行後到馬場集會，夜幕低垂，仍然未離去。

大遊行歷時八小時
從中環至北角再轉往跑馬地
圍觀市民夾道歡迎
通過宣言要求解放軍不要鎮壓同胞

大集會在馬場舉行
口號歌聲響徹雲霄

社評
激盪人心的百萬人大遊行

天安門廣場上寧靜
凌晨並無軍隊出現
廿萬學生靜靜坐 四十萬羣衆保衛

紀念碑中心
學生調動
組成兩道防線

戒嚴部隊指揮部
昨發布告市民書
宣稱決不是對付愛國學生
而必須堅決執行政府法令

傳軍界元老致函中央
要求不要鎮壓學生不要派軍隊進城

戒嚴令頒發第二天
氣氛更緊張

天安門廣場
已斷食水

傳軍隊晚上要鎮壓
聶榮臻徐向前予否認

北京個百發在

簡聞報

香港百萬人環市大遊行

沿途高呼愛國無罪民主萬歲

港人支持北京學生

三十五萬人傍晚跑馬地大集會



兩萬基督徒祈禱 求中國平安民主

港區人大政協委員今早舉行臨時會議

建議促萬里召開會議及罷免李鵬

港新華社部分員工參加遊行發表聲明

發表告全港同胞書呼籲支持學生

全港七十多間中學今起發動簽名運動

教協會長在大會上宣稱

由北京返港學生講話聲淚俱下

聲援北京學生運動 澳門明日遊行

中華教育會聯等急電人大 要求禁止採用武力鎮壓學生

電車停駛搭客參加遊行

的士司機大義拒載妻子

「痛心疾首」成爲遊行標語

著名歌星大會場中高歌

向在北京爲祖國前途，爲人民爭取民主、自由、作誓死鬥爭之英雄兒女作崇高敬意！

中國人，香港小市民

環島人龍百年首見



整個中環，人聲鼎沸。

第一個標語，都是市民的心聲。

South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 | HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 22, 1989 | Vol. XLV No. 140 | Price $3.00

Huge HK rally backs students

Up to 600,000 call on Li Peng to quit

By ANDY HO, CHRIS YEUNG and JOHN TANG

HUNDREDS of thousands of Hongkong residents yesterday voted with their feet to express solidarity with the Beijing students in an historic round-the-island march, demanding the resignation of Chinese Premier Li Peng.

"Although we don't have any official figures, we have made a brief estimate that the crowds would be in the region of 500,000 to 600,000," a police spokesman said.

Tens of thousands watched the eight-hour march along the more than 15-kilometre procession from Central to North Point. It was the largest demonstration in the history of Hongkong.

Wearing head-bands and holding banners, the sea of protesters kept chanting slogans such as "Down with Li Peng" from the time the procession left Chater Garden at 2.15 pm.

The emotive but peaceful protest ended at 10.30 pm after a mass rally at Happy Valley race course, which was packed with people from all walks of life.

A new coalition, the All Hongkong Alliance In Support Of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-democracy Movement, was inaugurated at the rally.

The Alliance hailed the march as Hongkong's answer to the "People Power of the Philippines" as politicians, students, workers, farmers, pop singers, among others, closed ranks to lend their support to the Chinese students.

In a four-point statement, they demanded that:

- The People's Liberation Army (PLA) should not fight against Chinese people.
- All Chinese people need not be pessimistic but should launch a long-term peaceful struggle for democracy.
- The Chinese National People's Congress (NPC) should hold an urgent session to overrule the decision of Mr Li and to recognise the patriotic student movement.
- The Chinese troops should withdraw immediately.

Among the participants were local staff of the New China News Agency and left-wing papers, *Ta Kung Pao* and *New Evening Post*. They voiced their anger over the crackdown on the pro-democracy movement.

An Alliance leader, legislator Szeto Wah, urged all residents to call up at least 10 relatives on the mainland to use every means to protect the students at Tiananmen Square.

He demanded that local NPC delegates hold an emergency meeting on the imminent military suppression of students.

Mr Szeto, who also heads the Professional Teachers' Union, also urged his 42,000 teacher members to be prepared to launch a class boycott if any of the Chinese students are hurt.

The race course rally began shortly after dusk while throngs of demonstrators were still in action on the streets.

Among the last batches of marchers to join the rally were members of the 170,000-member left-wing Federation of Trade Unions (FTU), who arrived shortly after 9.30 pm.

FTU chairman Cheng Yiu-tong told the rally: "Beijing students sacrifice their bodies to contribute to the future and the democratic development of the country.

"We should learn from them and cherish and protect their patriotism," he said.

Another speaker, Legislative Councillor Martin Lee Chu-ming said: "Any patriotic Chinese will support the demands of the Beijing students.

"The Government has tarnished the patriotic move of the Beijing students when they likened it to the Cultural Revolution.

"Li Peng should apologise before the 1.1 billion Chinese people and step down. The only thing he can do now is to resign," he said.

Film director John Shum Kin-fan, who spoke for some 200 show business personalities, said: "We might not be well-versed in politics. But the blood flowing inside our bodies is the blood of Chinese.

"We love democracy and the rule of law. But Li Peng defied democracy by refusing to talk to students and defied the rule of law by imposing a news blackout.

"We will become today's students in Beijing in the future if we don't speak out now," he told the crowd.

A leader of the independent Federation of Hongkong and Kowloon Labour Groups, Mr Lee Kai-ming said: "Workers have been described as the silent majority. We can no longer remain silent. Workers should rise up to back the democratic cause of students because China's future lies with them."

The former president of the Hongkong Affairs Society, Dr Huang Chen-ya, said: "The Communist Party should isolate Li Peng and his 'very, very few' cronies and expel them."

"The NPC should dismiss Li Peng from all his posts."

A student who returned

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 8)

WEATHER

Mainly cloudy.
Max temp 29 degrees.
See Page 6.

BJ. Chan

Part of the huge crowd surges down King's Road, North Point, on the way back to Happy Valley racecourse yesterday afternoon.

The square prepares for military move

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINA'S martial law authorities warned yesterday the army must restore order in Beijing and diplomats said they believed troops would take action in the capital within hours.

A statement from the Martial Law Enforcement Headquarters said troops had been "somewhat blocked" from enforcing martial law declared on Saturday.

"The troops imposing martial law must firmly carry out orders of the Government and they have the duty to adopt very effective measures to put an end to the situation," the statement broadcast on radio, television and by the official New China News Agency said.

But an immediate invasion of Tiananmen Square, the heart of mass pro-democracy demonstrations that have intensified over the past eight days, was less likely, they believed.

The People's Liberation Army (PLA) command's statement stressed that the troops were not being sent against the "patriotic students" but against criminal elements in the city.

About 100,000 student hunger strikers, workers and residents occupying Tiananmen Square and surrounding streets in violation of martial law yesterday rejected a reported ultimatum by Prime Minister Li Peng to leave by dawn or face a military attack.

However, state-run television and radio, quoting a Beijing Municipal Government spokesman, denied that any such ultimatum had been issued.

"After checking with the authorities concerned these are rumours started by people with evil intentions with the aim of creating chaos," the spokesman was quoted as saying.

Mr Nie Rongzhen, a 90-year-old former marshal of the PLA, was also quoted as denying the rumours.

Students yesterday handed out cotton surgical face masks in preparation for an expected tear-gas attack from military helicopters which had circled overhead.

The student loudspeaker announced that their union rejected any ultimatum to leave and called on the protesters to remain calm and restrained.

"We call on all of you to come stand with us," a student said after the announcement.

"The students are very weak and they need the people of Beijing to help them."

Tensions rose sharply among students in the square last night as a report circulated saying Mr Li had ordered the plaza cleared by 5 am (4 am Hongkong time).

A three-point statement attributed to Mr Li was read out on the public address system put up by the students.

It said:

- The students must leave the Square.
- The city cleaners will move in at 5 am to clean up.
- Beijing prisons have been cleared to receive any students remaining on the square after 5 am.

Troops occupied major state-run news organisations and sealed off Beijing by setting up roadblocks.

Convoys of lorries and vans carrying troops stood on roads into the capital for a second day surrounded by thousands of students, workers and peasants blocking their way by sitting in highways and erecting barricades of buses.

The troops made no attempt to break through, although 40 students were reported to have been injured in a clash with a group of People's Armed Police who got off their bus to try to clear a way through the crowd.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

Democrats urge Cha to repudiate model

By VIOLA LEE and JOHN TANG

CONTROVERSIAL publisher Louis Cha, advocate of a conservative democratic model for Hongkong after 1997, has resigned from both the Basic Law Drafting and Consultative Committees as the crisis in Beijing remained unresolved.

Mr Cha, owner of the *Ming Pao* newspaper, notified the local branch of the New China News Agency of his decision to quit both the Basic Law bodies but gave no reason.

Mr Cha's resignation was viewed with reservation by fellow drafter Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming, who said Mr Cha should have repudiated his conservative post-1997 political model before resigning.

Mr Cha had proposed to postpone introducing universal suffrage for selecting the future chief executive and the legislature for 15 years after the 1997 changeover.

Mr Lee said: "Bearing in mind that he had been until recently one of the BLDC special group co-convenors on political structure, he could see that his proposal had been attacked widely in Hongkong.

"Just by resigning from the BLDC and BLCC without doing more is not a fair thing to do, because at least he should have tried to do something about the political model," Mr Lee said.

He said Mr Cha should have expressed regret for putting forward the conservative model.

Mr Lee said he could play a more positive role in striving for greater democracy for Hongkong by remaining on the Beijing-appointed BLDC.

Fellow liberal drafter, Mr Szeto Wah, took a similar line.

Meanwhile, Mr Ho Sai-chu, a Hongkong delegate to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, said he would consider resigning if China resorted to a military crackdown.

"I will try to make use of all possible channels to influence China against causing bloodshed and harming lives," he said.

"Should that fail, there is no point for me to remain as a member. I shall then resign."

He urged Chinese Communist Party secretary-general Zhao Ziyang not to resign.

Mr Ho said China's crisis could be resolved if Mr Zhao was invited to come out and appeal to the students to end their month-old protests.

Another CPPCC delegate, Mrs Peggy Pei Lam, said: "I do not rule out resigning as a protest against violent suppression."

Mrs Lam said she would fail to discharge her duty if the clear local voice against violence was unheeded.

However, Basic Law drafter and liberal legislator Mr Szeto Wah said he certainly would continue his fight for democracy within the BLDC.

Another drafter, Miss Liu Yiu-chu, who is also a NPC deputy, said: "I will use the last drop of my energy to do the utmost."

CPPCC member, Mr Ng Tor-tai, said it was irresponsible to resign when China was facing a crisis.

Mr Ng offered to go to Beijing to represent Hongkong CPPCC members as a go-between to negotiate between the Chinese Government and the students.

Mr Wong Po-yan, a BLDC member, said the idea of resigning had occurred to him when he heard that curfew was imposed in Beijing.

But he later decided against the idea, saying: "It will be better to have somebody working for the benefit of Hongkong than taking a passive attitude by resigning," he said.

He said he would use proper channels to express his dissatisfaction with the Chinese Government for using the army to suppress the student movement.

Mr Wong said he found it unnecessary for Mr Cha to resign, or for the Beijing students to carry on with their hunger strike.

Bond pays dividend

ALAN Bond's Hongkong firm, Bond Corporation International Limited, (BCIL) will pay a special dividend to shareholders from the $1 billion profits it will make from the sale of its flagship building, the Bond Centre, it was announced yesterday.

The company is also planning to put some of the money back into Hongkong property. Directors of the company will meet to set the level of the dividend on Thursday.

There have been widespread fears that BCIL would use the money to buy an asset from its cash-starved Australian parent company, Bond Corp Holdings, and local investors threatened to sue BCIL if it did so.

● See Business Post

Soviets expel 11 Britons in 'mirror' spy row retaliation

MOSCOW: Eleven Britons have been ordered to leave the Soviet Union as a fresh espionage row erupted over the weekend, dealing a sudden blow to relations which Britain said had been flourishing.

The British ambassador in Moscow, Sir Rodric Braithwaite, said the Soviet Union was expelling eight British diplomats and three journalists in a "mirror image" of a previously unannounced move by the Foreign Office on Friday.

He named the three British journalists, whom he had informed earlier yesterday, on Sunday as Angus Roxburgh of the Sunday Times, Ian Glover-James of Independent Television News and Jeremy Harris of the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC).

A further three diplomats, who had already left the country, have been declared persona non grata.

In London, a Foreign Office spokesman confirmed that eight Soviet diplomats and three journalists had been ordered out and that three other Soviet officials currently out of the country would not be allowed back.

"This is particularly regrettable at a moment when Anglo-Soviet relations were better than at any time in the past," the spokesman said.

He added that the Soviet officials had been involved in "activities incompatible with their status" – diplomatic parlance for spying.

The Foreign Office spokesman refused to say if Britain was considering retaliatory expulsions on this occasion.

"Let's take this one stage at a time," he said.

In the past, Moscow usually responded to expulsions of its officials by ordering out a lower number of officials from the country in question. But under Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, its policy has been to reciprocate man for man.

If there were any further expulsions from London, Moscow would be almost certain to respond in kind.

Sir Rodric said the Soviet move was without "objective justification" but suggested Britain was anxious to avoid a major row.

Reuter

Five buried in mudslide

A COUPLE were killed and a man is missing after they were buried under tonnes of mud in a landslide at Lion Rock yesterday.

The slide, caused by heavy rain from Typhoon Brenda, struck three huts in the Yan Yi squatter area in Tse Wan Shan – burying at least five people.

However, firemen managed to rescue two of those entombed under the rocks and mud.

● Report: Page 5

The runaways

IN the first three months of this year, a total of 1,612 people were reported missing – more than half of them children under 16 and many not even in their teens. A special report on Pages 10 and 11 today looks at the growing problem.

快報

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一八號
夏曆四月十八　除日，宜出行開市
一九八九年五月廿二日・星期一
今天天氣：吹東南風，大致多雲有驟雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿五至廿九度之間
每份五張半　零售二元正

EXPRESS

吾爾開希突承認失敗
軍方廣播如學生靜坐則不用暴力
學生嘩然仍堅決死守

北京今晨三時十五分，學生領袖吾爾開希在天安門廣播稱，由於有明顯跡象顯示解放軍坦克及坦克兵已經駐西郊，他宣布今次民主運動已經失敗，並呼籲所有在天安門廣場的學生向北師大撤退。

吾爾開希的廣播即時引起在天安門的學生及羣眾強烈不滿，紛紛呼喊反對，聲言堅持到底，在天安門廣場的北京市民亦可聽到。大部分在廣場的人均希望死守至最後一刻，今晨四時絕食指揮部學生代表正在指揮部召開緊急會議，研究是否繼續在廣場內靜坐。

今日凌晨四時天安門廣場仍然十分平靜，軍隊並未開入，而聚集的人數較昨晚為少，人數估計約有八十萬人。

另外消息指出，民主運動失敗後，一位廣場附近的軍隊指揮透過擴音器廣播，表示與學生指揮部會談後，軍隊保證，只要學生安靜地坐在地上，已經包圍天安門廣場的軍隊不會開入天安門廣場採取行動，而在場的學生及羣眾則仍高呼口號反對撤退。

改調內蒙兵入京並騰出監獄派人收屍
李鵬下令血洗天安門
軍方元老力阻施毒手

（快報採訪組北京消息）在天安門靜坐的二十萬學生和市民昨午表示，李鵬已將今次學運定為「叛亂」，故決定在今日凌晨九時派軍隊鎮壓他們，甘都各大監獄已騰空，清潔工人接到通知今晨清理天安門。

此項消息下午轉至北京市政府否認，但學生仍處於緊張氣氛中，因為消息說李鵬下令不惜犧牲二十萬人生命，以換取二十年安寧。二十萬學生昨午六時宣誓：頭可斷、血可流，堅持鬥爭到底。北高校及各高校聯委會已發出救全國同胞書，並表示現時鄧小平公開信，反對他們的行動，並表示，現時行動的目標已改為要求李鵬下台（兩公開信刊第三版）。

兵能否執行鎮壓命令，已備極大懷疑態度，所以已決定把二十七軍調離北京，改為由內蒙古調來的部隊接替。

廿七軍拒對付學生

從目前種種跡象顯示，軍方與中央有異，率先入京的二十七軍，在與北京學生對峙時，對學運的態度已受到學生的遊說行動影響，說明鬧過出現動搖，有二十七軍的司令員，對屬下士兵說：「學生不會流血的。」

鄧說不會發生流血

天安門廣場絕食學生昨晨的廣播稱，曾出一封由總參謀部、總政治部聯絡發出的一封致全體解放軍通知書，表示要求民主，反對專制，已是大勢所趨，他們已不能再代表軍隊，因此要求立即召開人大緊急會議，罷免鄧小平軍委主席，及李鵬總理的職務。

據悉，軍方元老亦已去函鄧小平，要求不要發生流血事件，而鄧小平的答覆只是說：「絕對不會流血的」。雖然中央要求各省市表態，但公開表態支持中央的……

五將領警告鄧小平
絕不能對學生動武

（快報採訪組北京報道）據悉中共五位前將領張愛萍、葉飛、肖克、宋時輪、鄧華、楊得志中午致函中央軍委，要求不要調派軍隊到北京，若軍隊要進駐北京，亦不得引起流血事件。

此外，兩名將軍徐向前和聶榮臻亦曾致電鄧小平，指出必須從現時北京目前的局勢，絕對不能動武。

鄧小平答覆，說這是要避免流血的。

李鵬在鄧小平的支持下，把北京學生近期爭取民主、開放，所進行的連串運動，評定為動亂的強硬講話，已引起中共及解放軍元老的反感，包括廣東省長葉選平在內的黨政軍幹部，已以私人身份致電鄧小平及政治局，強烈表示不支持以武力鎮壓學生運動。

消息來源指出，身在北京的多位中共元老——包括解放軍元老徐向前、聶榮臻、楊尚昆等在內，雖然不曾出面否定黨中央的決定，但對李鵬的強硬講話及北京實施戒嚴的決定，均持有反對的態度，均以私人身份致函、致電鄧小平與政治局，顯露出不贊同……



香港百萬人大遊行

百萬人大遊行

「筆桿」對抗「槍桿」！
北京傳媒續支持學運

（快報北京消息）李鵬日前頒發的戒嚴令中，雖有禁止傳播媒介刊載文章報道的規定，但若干官方新聞機構未有遵照。

中央人民廣播電台的播音員，昨晨在早晨新聞節目的最後卅秒播出了一條消息：「國務院昨天（二十日）上午十點在北京部分地區實行戒嚴以來，天安門和北京街道上仍然聚集着學生、工人和市民。到今天早晨六點鐘為止，解放軍沒有進入城區。」這條消息，在重播時，被刪除。

北京市昨天很有部分報紙違逆打出。這些報紙除「中國青年報」、「中國婦女報」外，都沒有刊登了國務院總理李鵬簽署的關於在北京部分地區實行戒嚴的命令及北京市人民政府的三號命令。

「人民日報」在刊登這些命令的同時，並用很長篇幅報道了一條「北京戒嚴第一天」的短訊。

「北京日報」雖然刊登了有關戒嚴的幾項命令，並同時報導了一般市民和國際對李鵬五月十九日晚上講話的反應。

「經濟參考報」的一版頭條消息是「淅江省實施兩宛序市場」，只在一版右下方刊登了國務院戒嚴令。

無關利的「中國青年報」、「中國體育報」今天沒有登載有關國務院……

鎮壓學運保守派嚴重分歧
李鵬堅持速戰速決保中央威信
王震力主利用心理戰瓦解羣眾

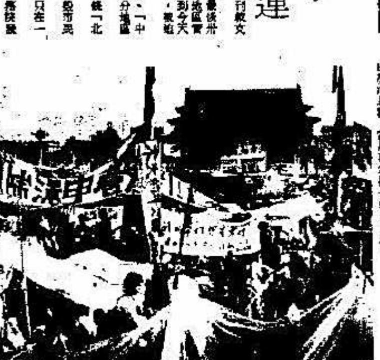
（快報北京消息）關係鄧小平四周的保守派勢力，正就如何利用手上軍力，鎮壓北京學生運動，出現嚴重的意見分歧，以李鵬為首的一派，堅持馬上以武力鎮壓，王震為首的軍方派系，則堅持以封鎖的手段，孤立北京的市民和學生，達到不血刃鎮壓學運的目標。

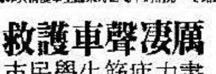
據來自北京的權威人士透露，雖然以鄧小平為首的保守派一致的決定是不能與北京的學生運動妥協，並須利用這次行動，徹底清除以趙紫陽為首的溫和派，達到鞏固保守派的目的，但在相同的前提下，採取何種手段去鎮壓學生運動，保守派中以李鵬為首的少壯分子，與以王震為首的元老派系，卻在意見上出現嚴重分歧，雙方均爭取鄧小平的支持，以確定今次鎮壓學運的方針。

權威人士指出，李鵬於上周五在黨政軍幹部會議發表鎮壓學運的講話，並在北京市部分地區實施戒嚴，北京市的市民與學生，並未遵守戒嚴令的限制，浪潮般的外地軍隊，民被市民及學生阻截，無法越雷池半步，李鵬方面遂要求中央政府威信的重大打擊，軍隊與市民的長期對峙，亦可能令其執行命令的決心，受到市民、學生不斷的其遊說而有所改變，事實上目前被市民、學生包圍的那些部隊，已有出現信心動搖的情況，再不下令採取行動的話，極可能出現部隊不服指令的情形。

權威人士表示，對於李鵬采執的意見，王震等元老派卻有不同的意見，認為李鵬堅持立即進行武力鎮壓的話，將是不智的行為，他可能導致軍隊及地區的分裂，並導致全國性的動亂，所以必須採取心理戰的方式，瓦解北京市民與學生的意志，在他們筋疲力盡時才正式派軍部隊增入天安門廣場，抬走廣場內絕食及疲憊的學生，及用截軍隊圍堵的市民，而心理戰的手段包括斷糧、斷水，還有就是不斷放出進行鎮壓的消息，務求使軍隊與學生長期緊張的狀態。

權威人士強調，目前鄧小平仍未就保守派兩個系統的爭議作出決定，一方面他與李鵬等具有同樣的心態，認為拖延下去將會嚴重打擊他本人與政府的威信，會影響到今後中央命令的執行；另一方面，他知道李鵬的主張，將是最有效的解決方法，最少可避免部隊內部的分裂，因此遲遲未能作出決定，鄧小平仍未作出決定，究竟會採取那一種方法，去解決當前北京學運的紛爭，可是在王震等實際掌握軍權的情形下，相信王震系統的建議，被採納的可能性較高，李李鵬將會作為其本身政治前途的犧牲品。





雖然北京市周圍有大批軍隊，但天安門廣場昨天仍被學生佔據，圖為昨天清晨學生圍來持着場中的情形。〔路透社傳真〕

部份進城士兵「調換」
軍心「思變」！
羣衆不斷教育有功

（快報採訪組北京報道）由於開入北京城的軍隊部分在受兩兩日期間不斷被羣眾「教育」，軍方已撤派防軍隊已再不聽命令，昨日已撤換了部分進城的軍隊。

據消息來源稱，被分散在北京的部隊主要是屬於場衛成系的軍隊，至於調入替代的軍隊主要是農村子弟兵，他們通常是程度不大高的，文化水平較低，甚少閱讀報紙。

消息來源稱，軍方此項調動主要希望再次入城的軍人不易受羣衆影響，使羣衆很難「教育」他們。

據駐北京城的軍隊隊已連兩日推進後，雖然部分軍隊因遇學生及市民阻而後退，但多路軍隊仍能以各種方式如火車、地道、及地鐵等推進。

各路軍隊昨日推進的要點分別如下：

距離天安門廣場只有兩、三公里的崇文門為終點，近二千名乘卡車開入城的軍隊被大批羣眾以雜物、單車及路邊欄杆石路，雙方一直僵持至深夜。

廿二路軍經過通北京城的地下通道開出大安門附近，於此可探取行動，另一批軍隊亦由地鐵開出天安門附近的宣武門地鐵站，與用網路的學生只相隔一段地鐵站的距離。

西直門及宣武門方面均有近百輛卡車及兵員運兵兩該停留案街頭，據載古調來的近六十輛裝甲車及坦克亦在機場店及率要被大大東頭，這批軍車暫泊在頤和園外一帶地方，等候進一步指示。

大元帥聶榮臻發表聲明
否認軍隊今晨鎮壓學生

（快報採訪組北京報道）北京軍方元帥聶榮臻昨晚相繼發表聲明，否認軍隊會在今日清晨五時前鎮壓學生。

中央電視台在昨晚十一時後重覆播發特別消息，指出十一名科技大學學生，在昨晚七時，到十大元帥之一聶榮臻寓中，要求見面，並遞交請願信，表示軍隊要鎮壓學生，情況危急。

對此，聶帥請同學們不要聽信：一、軍隊到北京來執行戒嚴，決不會是鎮壓首都的社會秩序及安定，希望同學協助解放軍，做好這方面的工作。三、希望同學們為了國家的秩序，首都的秩序，市民的生活，自己的健康及學業，能儘快離開天安門廣場，回校上課。

王丹促勿聽信流言

王丹宣佈，由於廣場上流言太多，為免影響情緒，故此因昨日七時起，將停止廣播，除非由他自己親自宣佈，否則不可聽信。

天安門廣場昨日廣播不斷發出消息，要求學生謹慎軍隊會隨時開入清場，同時，不斷指導學生應付催淚氣體的方法，廣場的上空，就連續第二日見到有直升機出現盤旋監察，並且散發傳單。天安門廣場內學生昨日集中在人民英雄紀念碑四面，並且外面由糾察隊圍圍保護。而在市中心附近多個路口，包括崇文門外大街、前門東大街、琉璃廠街及天橋等等，都被學生和羣眾，用各種雜物攔住，包括公共汽車，分隔馬路的欄杆，石頭及瓦石等等，……

…方新華門外絕水絕食的學生，就繼續在該處靜坐，他們拉起橫額，寫着政府已經自絕於人民，又拿出已故總理周恩來的照片，上面寫着李鵬對不起他。

支持的一些今只有江西、廣東兩省，上海、天津兩市，而李鵬要用軍隊鎮壓的手段制壓來救鄉鄉，入京的軍隊，已戴上了鋼盔和持有輕機槍，一副作戰準備。

廣場上，學生指揮部已呼籲同學在緊急時不要暴亂，即打不要還手，減少犧牲，此外，各同學要留意執向自己所屬學校聚集。

學生絕食指揮部王丹亦表示，鎮壓消息未經証實，對於一切未經証實的消息均首先採取不信任態度，但為免臨時混亂，他們亦作好疏散工作，同時，他們亦相信，今晚將會有軍隊行動。

校園組敢死隊
力阻軍事接管

（快報採訪組北京報道）北京各所高校校園昨日已出現緊張氣氛，並開始作戒備行動，可靠消息稱，軍隊一旦動手，校園將會被軍事接管，而北大、清華、政法、北師大等均在軍管名單之列，北大校園外已出現軍隊蹤跡，而北師大同學共有八百多人參加「和平敢死隊」，準備接應廣場撤退的羣眾及軍隊。北大校昨日黃昏發現有十多輛卡車載有軍隊駛近西門，北大校園即響起警報，大批同學即到西門進行堵截，但卡車隨即駛過西門遠去。但此舉已令北大同學警覺，當局已掌握一份名單。

據一在軍隊開始進行清場後，即將多間學校進行軍事接管，而北大自治會直號，故此北大同學亦即要求曾受過軍事教育的同學教導其他同學軍事保護常識，但只是屬於保護而非暴力。

包括：男同學在走廊及樓梯靜坐，女同學返回宿舍內，不得出房門。而北大所有廣播將在十一時後停止。但有一消息即表示緊急通知，同學要動員起來按指示前往匯集目的地號召集口。

此外，北師大成立和平敢死隊，現時已有超過八百人參加。他們會分二、三十人一小隊，前往各個軍隊可能經過的路口，勸喻市民、軍隊，並作出十割隊，以生命保護市民。

軍車受阻　示威者揭前往北京道路，一列輛汽車的解放軍車隊，在距離北京十九哩的路上被止前進。（美聯社傳真）

總工會稱支持學生

（法新社巴黎二十一日電）擁有九千三百萬會員的「中華全國總工會」的代表星期日在巴黎說，中國大陸的工人，是支持中國大陸學生民主的學生。

此一聲明出現時，適值數以百計中國大陸留學西德學生在波恩和西方示威，要求中國大陸進行民主改革，要求在北京結束戒嚴，並要求聯合國作出「有效的干預」。

「中華全國總工會」代表方苞聲，在巴黎出席由法國共黨之一次會議，他說中國大陸工人「支持大部分學生要求自由和民主的愛國行為」。

方氏透過一位翻譯說：「我們希望「工人、學生或政府，為了國家利益，會容忍並採取抑制行動。」

廣凄聲車護救
盡力疲筋生學民市
六千人先後送醫院

（快報北京消息）在天安門廣場靜坐請願的學生和市民已堅持了多天，多已筋疲力盡，加上昨天天氣悶熱，中暑暈倒的人數大為增加。現場上，救護車淒厲的叫聲此起彼伏，有時同時有好多輛救護車齊鳴，使空氣更爲緊張和凝重。

救護車目前爲止，已有五至六千人次被送往醫院救治，市區各醫院已人滿爲患。

昨天明顯減少，而是分散至各主要街頭的市民散發傳單和演說，使街頭處處出現「城市論壇」。專單和演說中宣稱，李鵬宣佈的戒嚴令的程序嚴重違憲，強烈要求召開全國人大緊急會議罷免政府。

明報
MING PAO DAILY NEWS

李鵬命各省市首腦表態效忠

社評

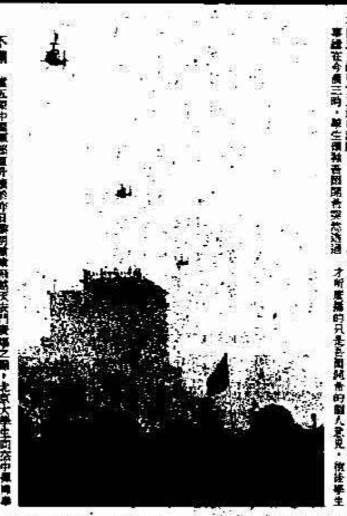
國家一切權力屬於人民　任何個人不得享有特權

李鵬夫人一手袋　普通職工兩年糧

軍方七元老函鄧小平　反對共軍開進北京城

胡啓立轉態擁趙　宣傳職責被架空

學生今晨四時與軍隊達成協議　只要學生保持冷靜　軍人保證不採行動



北京傳媒遭軍管　戒嚴後情況報道稀少

搞好社會秩序　反對鎮壓學生　首都工人自發聯合會　醞釀號召全市大罷工

十萬大軍圍城情況　地面遭阻攔改鑽地道進入廣場　多屬野戰軍有衝鋒槍裝甲車坦克

包圍軍車　堵住天安門廣場的解放軍車被示威者重重包圍，示威者出動公共汽車堵截軍隊前進。（美聯社圖片）

萬里仍在美國未返回北京　人大常委緊急會議　胡績偉盼立即召開

滬穗俱有示威　高呼打倒李鵬

暴力鎮壓的序聲？　解放軍戒嚴指揮部　發布告北京市民書

「對政府失去了完全的希望」　學生欲與人大常委　直接對話解決危機

嚴家其等十五學者　發表保衛憲法宣言　須即開人大常委緊急會議

到京聲援外地學生增至24萬　便衣警察充學生混入　圖裏應外合放催淚彈

文匯報
WEN WEI PO
22



北京戒嚴翌天仍未能實施
大批軍隊攜重型武器壓城

全國人大須即會議 萬里應當盡速返京
本港六名人大代表緊急動議

港百萬人大遊行聲援京學生

廣場情況凌晨仍平靜
曾傳出拂曉清場一度緊張
四時仍有四十萬人 學生不贊成結束靜坐

廣場高校代表呼籲人大常委協助斡旋

卅餘人大常委促人大急開會

軍方代表保證不會進入廣場

學生全部停止絕食 廣場出現流行病症
包括兩名痢疾及一名甲肝患者

昨日下午六時 王丹帶領宣誓

傳老師致電鄧小平 指出絕對不能動武
數十名人大常委續要求人大開會

北京四項傳聞 市府指為謠言

重兵臨京爲何事？
・本報記者

北京青龍橋地區發生 武警揮棍毆打學生
農業大學學生六人受傷頭破血流

Oriental Daily News

今晨坦克迫近·鎮壓一觸即發
最後通牒屆期·十萬學生死守

東方日報
銷量讀者全港最多 廣告效力公認最大
香港政府特許列登法律性質廣告之有效刊物
承印及出版：東方報業集團有限公司
社址：九龍新蒲崗大有街東方報業大廈
中華民國七十八年（一九八九） 五月 22 星期一 己巳年四月十八日
第二一一一一號
出紙十四大張 零售二元

部隊換防派遣軍痞衝鋒
騰空監獄擬拘禁廿萬人
六里橋傳起衝突 四百人被打傷

（本報特派記者黎錫駒北京專電）北京市實施的戒嚴令，昨日進入第二天，天安門廣場及東西長安街一帶，人潮聚集情況依然，但有傳言透露，入城執行任務的解放軍，將會與武裝警察，於今日凌晨五時，正式採取驅散學生行動，大舉拘捕人，北京市各監獄，據說已騰空，準備收容二十萬人。

此間流傳的消息，指原來部署入城的解放軍部隊，昨日已經證換防，由軍痞（俗話稱流氓軍、又稱野狼隊）和農村兵擔任先頭部隊，並且已有大批解放軍、武警喬裝成市民，甚至學生，混入長安街和天安門廣場，準備配合行動。

天安門廣場靜坐的學生和圍觀的人羣，昨日顯著減少，原因之一，是解放軍進城的消息整天傳聞不斷，廣場總指揮部要不停廣播，召集聯合糾察隊，趕往各個地點，應付救急等救，散發傳單和展開遊說，瓦解士兵的鎮壓決心。

另一項未經證實的消息又指出，復興門外的六里橋昨晨發生衝突事件，已有近四百名學生和羣衆被打傷，其中四十人重傷住院。在下午，學生靜坐的天安門廣場總指揮部，亦曾召開記者會，展示一件學生的血衣。

據指出，至午後，鄰近北京市的解放軍，已東至亦莊，南至天橋，西至復興門，部隊已接管電台及重要機關，包括醫院在內，不少聲援學生的救護車隊，據說接送傷人到醫院後，不能再駛回天安門。

記者所見，昨日天安門廣場的救護車確實已減少。

格殺勿論！
解放軍發出警告 準備執行戒嚴令

（北京合眾國際社二十一日電）解放軍昨日發出警告，表示已準備在北京執行戒嚴令。解放軍的聲明由中央電視台播放，表示軍方「必須服從」執行政府的命令，在實施戒嚴令底下，假若遇到反抗，解放軍是可以「格殺勿論！」



●北京學生凌晨在天安門廣場坐在公共汽車頂上抗議，圖中學生戴上面巾，防止催淚彈。（路透社傳真）

（本報今晨二時半北京消息）北京高校自治聯會領導人之一的吾爾開希，在北京當局的最後通牒到臨前兩小時，即北京時間今晨三時十分，向仍在天安門廣場坚守的學生會建議，向北京的使館區撤退。

吾爾開希宣布：這次民主運動失敗了。在北京西苑已出現解放軍、坦克部隊和憲兵，在地鐵站出口亦有軍隊的移動。他作宣布時，廣場上仍有五、六十萬人，一時全場鴉雀無聲，群衆甚爲悲壯。

吾爾開希是以「北京高校自治聯會」的名義發出，他因太激動，宣布完後暈倒。

但全場沉寂一陣後，其他院校紛紛透過自己的廣播站和喇叭提抗議，許多學生認爲如果就此撤走，會前功盡廢，並會引起混亂。

呼籲撤退的廣播台由於機械有問題，不能將訊息再清楚地告訴各人，廣場上的學生議論紛紛。

目前高校聯稱「絕食團」的同學分歧意見最大，絕食團的同學堅持不走，並令凌晨四時（北京時間），學生還在開緊急會議。

在今晨二時四十分左右（北京時間），廣場上的廣播發出一個「新華社緊急記者」的緊急呼籲：內容就今次學生，市民與解放軍的對峙已成定局，故呼籲：（一）希望學生和市民能採取非暴力、不抵抗手段，因任何暴力行爲只會引起強大解放軍的回應更大暴力行爲，對雙方都沒有好處。所有對坐學生的市民，應貫徹打不還手，罵不還口的原則，用鮮血和生命喚起良知。（二）希望學生和市民用理智節制，向解放軍的司令員表明學生和市民不是人民的一小撮，而是在正義和真理的一面；（三）希望學生和市民肅地原坐原地不動，不要站着，以免受到攻擊時受更大傷害；（四）不要呼喊過激的口號，因執行者執行的解放軍來自外地，她們不了解個中情況，以免造成更大誤解。

廣場上另有廣播引述醫護人員的統計說：廣場上包括有甲型肝炎、痢疾症。

●消息說：當局現時自外地急調「流氓軍」，他們剃光頭、穿雜彩舞、拎木棍和皮鞭，在真理擺出下午四時起開始統進，見人便打。這些「流氓軍」實素低，又不了解北京眞相，才會打人不手軟。

（北京法新社廿一日電）一名外交官說：「若令軍隊入京的政局將來甚失民心。」

外交官稱：「除非有類似中共元老孫署令開大學意料不到事情發生，否則中國方面可能會首先廢法李鵬以解決此嚴政治危機。」

多數消息人士稱，包括軍方內部，軍政、及黨政之間正進行緊張談判。

李鵬當政要位看來受到嚴重威脅，但外交官指李鵬可能被罷免另外三名政治局常委喬石、胡啓立及姚依林興低一同下台。

消息未經證實：
李鵬辭職

（北京法新社廿二日電）北京學生的「電台」周一凌晨在天安門廣場宣布：李鵬總理已辭職。同時擁擁在廣場上的羣衆高呼，呼聲傳遍廣場每一角落。此項消息未能證實。

這則消息是由學生在廣場自己設立的廣播系統宣布的，這些學生說，中共中央已位成員反對周六宣布的戒嚴令。這個電台又報道，中共中央緊急會議，現在進行中。

上述消息未獲官方證實。

●北京學生凌晨在天安門廣場排隊阻止解放軍前進
（美聯社傳真）

軍人稱只知到京參加演習
列車趕送催淚氣體
傳會洩漏影響運輸

（本報特派記者黎錫駒北京專電）記者在路分散羣衆堵截的地點所見，至北京市的解放軍部隊中，有隸屬北京軍區的三十七軍坦克部隊，並證實於昨日凌晨一時，已經進廣渠橋四十輛之多；部分停在橋旁邊，被羣衆堵住，進行勸說，另有十多輛坦克不知調往何處。

在逾衛橋東面的郭莊子路，亦有二十七軍過一百輛軍車被堵住，車上士兵表示不知道是來鎮壓學生，只知道是前來參加演習。

另外在北京市西面的豐台區六里橋，以及綠行鐵東分線口，亦各有十多輛軍車被堵住。

在北京火車站，有三列滿載解放軍的火車已抵達，其中一列，已於昨日上午進入站內，並運來催淚瓦斯，據聞有部分瓦斯骨洩漏，影響到鐵路的工人及運輸。

學生糾察隊已派代表到場，與解放軍對話，勸他們返回原來落地，這些部隊據說已接獲通知，於一個風潮過後停止開進報到，觀看電視及錄影帶，出發前的指令是到北京拍電影。

學生與市民爲防止與解放軍對話失敗，準備將三輛公共汽車，攔在建國門外大街，與建文門外大街，並在車上貼寫上「人民軍隊，你們前面的人民，正在進行一項反腐敗、爭民主的愛國運動，不是動亂。」

豐台蔬菜市場
坦克部隊留駐
軍官稱會憑良心去做

在北京西面豐台鎮的一個蔬菜批發市場，已有三十輛坦克車及一千名士兵留駐；他們昨日上午抵達時給市民圍堵，無法阻塞交通而停泊於市場內。

據稱，這些坦克車已經上機關槍，用布蓋着。

學生表示，他們的代表向其中一名少校級軍官人員稱，只要學生不動手，軍隊亦不會動手打人，若上級再有進一步命令，他們是會執行命令，但他們只會「憑中國人的良心」去做。

解放軍第二十七師一萬多名至二萬名軍人，前日凌晨三百多部卡車於昨日上午七時入城，先頭部隊有四十多部卡車，駛抵石景山路時被市民截在路上攔阻，於此僵持。

學生獲悉後立即通知北京市民，市民與學生堵截軍車和乘車前往路障，軍隊前進，與學生的團體千多人。學生的廣播車不斷向軍隊廣播，解釋這次絕食運動的原因。

其中一名軍官表示不知道爲何被調來北京。

市民和學生不斷游說軍人，昨日部隊開始撤走，軍人不斷與羣衆握手和打出勝利手勢，羣衆還以掌聲和大呼人民解放軍萬歲。

五直升機低飛偵察惹緊張
幹道遍架路障
誓死堵截軍隊

【本報訊】北京消息：昨日期間，北京市中心仍未見有戒嚴的軍人或警察出現；在天安門廣場聚集的學生中，只有少部分仍堅持絕食，大部分學生已恢復進食。昨晨天安門廣場出現最緊張的場面，是有五架軍方直升機在廣場上空低飛盤旋，但旋即離去。

此外，數以萬計的由外地到北京支援的學生則乘坐火車湧至，學生只要出示學生證，便可以免費乘坐火車到北京，最高峯時曾一日有五萬名學生抵達。

市中心以附近多個路口，包括東交門外大街、崇文門東大街、建國門和天橋等，均被學生和羣衆用各種雜物擋起，如公共汽車、分隔馬路的欄杆和石壁、碎石等。

北京市公共交通完全停頓，地下鐵路已停止行駛，長安街上昨日並無遊行隊伍，只有零星羣衆坐在貨車行走聲援學生，其餘便是騎單車的人羣。

除天安門廣場外，政法大學五十多個師生在中南海新華門絕食絕水的師生，擔擾在被過靜坐，他們拉起橫額寫着政府已目睹於人民，以及貼出已故總理周恩來的照片，上面寫着李鵬對他不住。新華門口亦只有數個軍警把守。

工人與其他市民在北京市的各處運道的路面，運用木喉管、木欄及鐵欄杆堵塞路障，就經的車輛均要慢駛，接受檢查，證明不是裝載軍人才可通過。

解放軍發告市民書
強調態度克制
戒嚴聽命而已

（本報特派記者林毅北京專電）解放軍北京戒嚴部隊指揮部，昨日傍晚發布「告北京市市民書」，指於本月二十日實施的戒嚴令，是解放軍遵照國務院戒嚴令，及北京市人民政府的命令，派部隊到北京部分地區，協助北京的公安幹警及武警部隊執行戒嚴任務，爲履行職責執行任務而發布「告北京市市民書」。

該「告市民書」中說，戒嚴部隊在執行戒嚴任務中，遇到一些阻斷，部隊採取了最大限度的克制態度，廣大人民與軍隊亦在各方面給予配合，目前北京的秩序仍在混亂狀態，交通中斷，食物和商品供應短缺，治安形勢有可能進一步惡化，人民羣衆擔憂不安及憂慮，戒嚴部隊必須堅持執行政府的法令，部隊有責任採取各種有效措施，扭轉這種局面。

至於極少數搶劫的分子，會根據法律，按照北京人民，包括各愛國學生的意願，採取堅決措施處治，希望學生及羣衆理解，並大力支持及協助。

學生聯函致解放軍

（本報特派記者黎錫駒、林毅北京專電）學生在天安門的廣場昨日下午播放一份「首都學生致全體解放軍指揮員、戰士們的公開信」，反對軍隊及戒嚴部隊總指揮部的一份「致全體解放軍通知書」，聯合發出，要求民主、是大勢所趨，而鄧小平和李鵬下令實施軍事戒嚴，已經不能代表軍隊。

傳李鵬決定今晨五時動手
學生晤聶徐兩老帥
促即出面化解危機

徐向前允出力

擬黑名單 捕卌六人

北京市民儲糧 物價暴漲三倍

不滿中央鎮壓學運
瀋陽軍區黨委抗命
鄧到武漢完成調兵已返京

老帥上電求制止事態惡化
鄧小平·應可免流血

學生擴運動層面
邀各界代表參加
發展路向意見不一

修訂目標 李鵬下台

北京車站動人鏡頭處處
學子泣訴愛國情
阿兵哥能不感動

●昨晨北京的學生在天安門廣場的橫幅中華表起錨外處東城新的外城
（路透社傳真）

神州大地在沸騰！
滬寧數十萬羣衆示威
長沙西安「打倒」聲喧

（本報綜合報道）上海學生周日高呼「李鵬辭職」的口號，不理會市政府警告，舉行另一次羣衆示威，市政府指示威抗議會令上海陷入混亂。

超過十萬名學生及示威者第三日集結在外灘，請實總理李鵬在北京頒布戒嚴令，鎮壓學生運動。示威者其中的一張大字報寫着「彈劾李鵬」的口號。

據目擊者稱，三百名在上海市黨部及市政府前的學生已結束絕食，乘坐巴士及救護車返家或前往醫院就醫。

他們又說，警民並無衝突，但停止絕食的決定不知是否自願。

上海市官員支持李鵬處理此次危機的方法，上海市當局會和社會各階層尋求更多對話。

一名在南京市求學的歐洲人士稱，大批示威者周日在南京街頭大喊李鵬及鄧小平下台。消息，官員說傳播李鵬指稱北京陷於無政府狀態講話後，數以十萬計南京居民上街示威。

一名長沙市中國消息人士稱，數以千計羣衆遊行往長沙市省政府大樓，而周日上街示威者數日還都增加。學生大喊「法西斯主義者李鵬」以及「打倒鄧小平！他理應此時休息！」

消息人士稱，數以百計學生在長沙市省政府大樓外絕食抗議，而神上寫着「絕食步入第三天，已有一百二十一人暈倒入院。」

西安外語學院一名中國教師稱，逾一萬名學生在西安市內廣場遊行，他們大喊「李鵬下台」以及「我們支持北京學生」。

星期日，在武漢市的外國學生在電話中表示，警察已把自從上周被示威學生阻塞的長江大橋上之交通恢復。

在鄰近湖南省，周六最少有十萬人在長沙火車站舉行示威。

示威的學生揮舞紅旗，打鼓及高喊口號，並且高「李鵬是法西斯主義者。」

外國學生表示，示威者並且在長沙省府大廈外面搭建「營幕」進行示威抗議。

由長沙北上的火車票，一般市民無法購到。

在陝西省縣城，大約有一千名學生前往西在新成廣場示威及進行環市遊行。

在縣城的工人並且捐錢幫助學生前往北京，大約三百名學生周六仍然在縣城進行絕食。

在南方港口厦門市，周六超過一千名學生及工人在厦門大學舉行遊行。

香港時報
第一四一五四號
HONG KONG TIMES
今日出紙四大張零售二元

北平局勢急轉直下
學生面對槍砲威脅

我政府與人民莊嚴宣告 誓為大陸同胞後盾
正告中共即停止武力鎮壓恢復記者採訪

【台北二十一日中央社電】針對波瀾壯闊，風起雲湧的大陸同胞爭自由民主運動，中華民國政府與人民，今天發表聲明正式向大陸同胞宣告，「我們誓為大陸同胞爭自由、爭民主運動的後盾，將與大陸同胞攜手連心，一齊為中國美好的未來而奮鬥不懈。」

行政院新聞局下午臨時通知各新聞媒體，召開中外記者會，政府發言人，新聞局長邵玉銘在會中，嚴正宣讀了這份聲明。

這份聲明全文為：

中共政權昨天宣佈，從昨（二十）天上午十時起，在北平實施戒嚴。

今日新聞提要

一、北平市今日進入危急時刻，刊第一版。
二、我政府與人民正式發表宣告，誓作大陸同胞後盾，刊第一版。
三、香港百萬人遊行要求李鵬下台，刊第十六版。
四、大陸多個省市民眾遊行，刊第二版。
五、台灣支持大陸民運，刊第三版。
六、李鵬號稱納會採辭職，刊第三版。

著名知識分子宣誓支持學生

北平全民走上街頭 防備共軍襲擊學生
部分共軍傳換便服進入市區

徐向前聶榮臻警告鄧李
三總函所有共軍要求鄧小平下台 從速處理問題不得動武

北平僑民美將撤走

北平學生走訪兩人居所求助 聶榮臻徐向前同稱不會鎮壓學運學生

中共老黨員促「人大」從速開會處理學潮

美總統布希促中共抑制

軍車輾斃兩學生 王丹昨展示血衣

鄭竹園指出大陸首季通脹百分廿七 民運引致中共權爭 十年經改將會中斷

北平傳媒口徑統一 員工仍然走上街頭

李鵬發出最後通牒 傳今黎明襲天安門

共軍撤出市郊重新整編再開入城

駐休斯頓領館傳倒戈 萬里再促中共即與學生對話

38軍調防內蒙 副軍長自殺死

學生限時離天安門 北平「市府」否認傳言

Average daily sale last week 61,634

The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG

MONDAY, MAY 22, 1989

$3.00

Beijing readies for the crunch

Masses keep soldiers out of city

BEIJING: Chinese martial-law authorities warned yesterday that the army must restore order in Beijing and diplomats said they believed troops would take action in the capital within hours.

INSIDE:
- More troops move into the capital: Page 6 ▶
- Support sent from around the globe: Page 7 ▶
- Shanghai on the march: Page 8 ▶

A statement from the Martial Law Enforcement Headquarters said troops had been "somewhat blocked" from enforcing martial law declared on Saturday.

"The troops imposing martial law must firmly carry out orders of the government and they have the duty to adopt very effective measures to put an end to the situation," the statement broadcast on radio and television and by the official Xinhua News Agency said.

Among the hundreds of thousands of students still in and around Tiananmen Square there was a feeling of growing fear as belief grew that authorities had reached the end of their patience and were prepared to come down hard on the protestors.

The student radio had broadcast a three-point statement attributed to Premier Li Peng that the students must quit the square by 5am, that cleaners would be sent in to sweep the plaza clean at that hour and space had been cleared in Beijing's prisons for 200,000 people.

Witnesses said the atmosphere was approaching panic. A few scuffles broke out between students and student marshals trying to maintain order. The loudspeaker system squawked with a stream of announcements.

"They're panicking," a Chinese observer said. "They're broadcasting every rumour across the square. They should calm down a bit. I don't think the army is going to come in."

One visibly distraught student activist said: "We don't want to use violence but if the tanks come we may have to defend ourselves with our fists."

In open defiance of martial law, Beijing residents continued to block major intersections around the capital during the day.

"We're here to thrust the army back to the outskirts of the city, if they dare to come at all," said a factory worker in his 30s at a roadblock in northeastern Beijing.

Martial law was imposed on Beijing on Saturday after millions of people in the capital and other cities staged the biggest protests since the beginning of communist rule in 1949.

Despite the order, more than 200,000 demonstrators remained in occupation of the 40-hectare square yesterday.

On the Third Ring Road encircling the capital, citizens said they broke into a bus depot nearby and pushed seven large empty buses up the road into barricade position.

Two hundred workers gathered in the centre of a ring formed by the buses, and trucks driven in by sympathetic drivers.

They said they would confront the army directly if it tried to break through their lines.

"We're not afraid of the army's guns," said a middle-aged housewife.

"There are so many of us supporting the students."

Witnesses reported similar scenes throughout the city, with thousands of people gathering at intersections closer to Tiananmen Square.

The people manning the roadblocks swarmed over any car trying to drive through the lines, questioning the driver and checking identification.

Demonstrators dragged concrete blocks into the middle of the Avenue of Eternal Peace, Beijing's main thoroughfare, to block all but bicycle traffic from the broad street leading to the square.

The protesters screamed "You can't do that" when cars tried to drive through.

Even the ambulances that have been steadily carrying to hospital hunger-striking students at the centre of the protests had to drive up onto the pavement to pass through, witnesses said.

"The state of anarchy in Beijing in the last few days has been getting ever more serious," said a spokesman for the Beijing municipal government.

"The situation has seriously affected people of the whole city in their work, production, study and life order."

He said troops would go to the city's campuses, but said there was no plan to control the universities.

Rumours swept from one end of Tiananmen Square to the other throughout the day, some saying troops would launch an assault by air, others that they would come through the city's underground railway system.

The commitment of Mr Li's troops to their task seemed in doubt from the very beginning of the vast military operation when thousands became swiftly mired in the masses on Friday night.

Students at the forefront of the nationwide pro-democracy movement climbed over army trucks, making political speeches, giving soldiers tea and cigarettes and appealing for unity.

China Central television said last night that seven students had visited the home of Marshal Xu Xiangqian and had been told troops were "absolutely unwilling" to have blood on their hands over the protest. —Agencies

EDDIE JIM



■ Marchers in Hongkong's biggest-ever protest raise their fists in defiant support of Beijing students.

No blood will be spilled, Deng pledges

By Tammy Tam in Beijing

CHINA'S paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, promised yesterday to avoid bloodshed in Beijing.

Sources told *The Hongkong Standard* that Mr Deng, who had been visiting military area commands to lobby support for a crackdown, had been persuaded to take a softer stand after two veteran marshals voiced opposition.

At the same time, party General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang, was making an 11th hour bid to keep his power, sources said.

Marshals Nie Rongzhing and Xu Xiangqian, reportedly made an urgent long distance call to Mr Deng in Wuhan, immediately after Premier Mr Li Peng signed the martial law order.

Both respectable military leaders and old friends of Mr Deng, the two marshals appealed to him not to use force against the students.

Marshal Nie, who has close relations with late former party chief, Mr Hu Yaobang, had warned Mr Deng that a crackdown on the students would badly ruin his reputation.

Marshal Xu, according to sources, said: "Whoever opens fire at the students, he will be fired at too."

"In reply to their phone calls, Mr Deng said bloodshed should be avoided," the source said.

Analysts said Mr Deng's remark only indicated he would try to avoid bloodshed, but it did not mean martial law would be lifted or troops would be withdrawn.

"Mr Deng left for Wuhan on Saturday to convene a meeting of major leaders of seven military area commands to discuss the current situation and to seek a united opinion from the army," the source said.

As the Chairman of the party Central Military Commission, Mr Deng has the power to order army commanders and deploy forces.

"Commanders of the Guangzhou and Lanzhou military area commands have written letters to Mr Deng, showing their unwillingness to suppress the students," sources said.

But there had been a split of opinion on how to handle the student movement within the military, it is believed.

The Beijing Military Area Command, the 38th Army division and 27th Army division have reportedly refused to use force against the students.

Madame Deng Yingchao, widow of late premier Zhou Enlai and stepmother of Mr Li, also reportedly criticised the imposition of martial law and deployment of troops.

Sources said more than 100 high-ranking officials with more than 40 to 50 years of party membership at ministerial level yesterday wrote an urgent letter to the Politburo Standing Committee calling the government to recognise the students as patriotic.

The dramatic escalation of anti-government sentiment after Mr Li made his notorious speech against the students on Friday night gave Mr Zhao the golden chance to strike back, analysts said.

"Mr Li believed that taking an immediate and tough stand on the students would please Mr Deng, but that led to people's increasing discontent which in turn gave Mr Zhao the last chance," said a source.

Mr Zhao was reported to be considering using his trump card to win the power struggle by calling an emergency Central Committee meeting to discuss the situation.

Sources said Mr Zhao offered his resignation last Thursday under pressure from the hardliners who disagreed with is taking a conciliatory line in dealing with the students.

His resignation was accepted by Mr Deng but was withheld for fear of further worsening the situation.

Million march in HK protest

ABOUT one million people yesterday marched through Hongkong's streets to protest against the Chinese Government's crackdown on the students' democratic movement.

INSIDE:
- Pro-Beijing papers condemn Li; Hopes still flying high; Religious groups in prayer. Page 5 ▶

The high turn-out surprised police and overjoyed rally organisers – it was by far the largest crowd ever assembled in the territory.

The march began at 2pm at Chater Garden and wound like a giant snake to the Happy Vally Racecourse where a rally was held.

When the rally ended at 10.30pm several thousand people, caught up by the emotion of the occasion and the clear sense that they were making history, gathered at the local branch of the Xinhua news agency to further push their cause.

The marchers came from all walks of life: students mingled with workers; teachers marched alongside the elderly; priests mixed with popstars; parents took their children.

For most of them it was the first time that they had ever attended a political rally.

They were attracted to the march by press advertisements; radio broadcasts and the urgings of fellow demonstrators.

The further the procession went the larger it grew. Builders climbed down from their scaffolding to join the march, clerks left their offices, shoppers fled department stores.

Wearing headbands and carrying home-made banners the marchers loudy chanted slogans, the most popular of which was: "Down with Li Peng! Li Peng step down!"

They also shouted "Long live democracy!" and "Patriotism is not a sin!"

Although ostensibly in support of the students the march also underlined other concerns.

The marchers were worried about what would happen if China lets the political situation deteriorate. Many of them had experienced the chaos of the Cultural Revolution. None wanted it repeated.

Despite their fears, the marchers were high-spirited. Rubbing shoulders with so many like-minded people seemed to give them confidence the future could be changed for the better.

The large crowd began to assemble at Chater Garden at noon, two hours in advance.

They were treated to speeches by students but began to grow restless and at 1pm the first chants began.

"Down with Li Peng, down with Li Peng." The sound echoed around the city.

One speaker, encouraged by the feeling of restlessness, urged the crowd to withdraw all deposits in Chinese banks. This would weaken the Chinese bureaucrats and stop them persecuting the students, he said.

At 2.15 pm, led by organisers in a lorry, the crowd began to march along Chater Road and turned into Murray Road, heading eastward to the Xinhua office.

Initially, they were kept in order by volunteers who lined up, hand-in-hand, along the sides of the road.

But any semblance of order was lost as the crowd swelled. Hundreds of people trying to join the march at Central MTR station found they could not even leave their trains.

Rally organisers were overtaken by the marchers. They were forced to ask the police for help to hail a taxi to take them to Causeway Bay to regain the head of the procession.

The marchers followed the tramway through Admiralty, Wan Chai, Causeway Bay, and North Point before heading towards the racecourse.

Police, caught unawares by the tremendous scale of the march, could not stop traffic snarls on Hennessy Road and King's Road.

At the racecourse the public stand was packed to capacity within a short period of time, latecomers were then directed on to the sand track and the football pitches in front of the stand.

The crowds sang and shouted slogans, led by organisers.

Legislative Councillor and Basic Law drafter Mr Martin Lee was the first to speak.

"Who will ever label Hongkong people as apathetic apart from making money and horse-racing?" he asked.

"Hongkong people are coming out from silence to fight for democracy. They can no longer put up with the crackdown by the Chinese authorities on the student democratic movement."

The pro-Beijing Federation of Trade Unions also took part organising the rally, which was originated by people from the liberal camp.

"The recent move of the Beijing government has really hurt its people deep in the heart," federation director Mr Cheng Yiu-tong said in his speech.

Mr Cheng said the student democratic movement in Beijing was a patriotic act.

Echoing Mr Cheng's views was a group of eight officials and workers from the local branch of the Xinhua News Agency.

They said they supported the movement in Beijing despite the denouncement by the Chinese government and were strongly against the use of force to clear the students from Tiananmen Square and the blackout of news coverage in the Chinese capital.

Investors set to act quickly

HONGKONG'S financial community is set to react swiftly to the weekend's events in China with most stockbrokers expecting share prices to plunge when the Stock Exchange opens for business today.

Last Friday the Hang Seng Index shed four percent in reaction to the worsening situation and that was before the imposition of martial law and a blackout on news.

Sell instructions from foreign investors will lead the way this morning as institutions pull their money out. Potential buyers are unlikely to take bargains, preferring instead to wait.

Brokers said yesterday's demonstration in Hongkong would have further eroded overseas confidence in the local bourse.

In the longer term, the trend for Hongkong firms to redomicile is likely to accelerate.

■ Details Business Page 1

Drafter Cha quits key positions

WITH China facing a major political crisis which has spilled over into Hongkong, Mr Louis Cha has resigned from his posts on both the Basic Law drafting and consultative committees.

In a surprise move, Mr Cha – who is a proposer of the controversial "Cha-Cha" political model for the post 1997 Hongkong government – issued a statement early yesterday saying he had resigned from the Standing Committee of China's National People's Congress and a member of the 56-strong BLDC.

At the same time, he also resigned from the Basic Law Consultative Committee and the BLCC's 19-member executive committee.

Mr Cha, chairman of the Ming Pao Group of newspapers and also a co-convenor of the BLDC's political sub-group, did not give reasons and could not be reached for comment yesterday.

He is the first drafter to resign from the committee since its inception more than three years ago.

If his resignation is accepted by the NPC's standing committee, which appoints members of the drafting committee, it will be a big blow for the Chinese authorities.

They will have to find a replacement while local disagreements over the post-1997 political structure in the Basic Law still have to be resolved.

The final round of consultations on the Basic Law is due to end in July and the mini-constitution will be promulgated early next year.

His resignation could shatter the already shaky confidence of Hongkong people about the post-1997 mini-constitution at a critical time with China facing a crisis.

His resignation was submitted to BLDC chairman, Mr Ji Pengfei, and the chairman of the NPC standing committee, Mr Wan Li, who is overseas.

■ Continued Page 4.

Moscow expels Britons in retaliation

MOSCOW: The Soviet Union ordered eight British diplomats and three journalists expelled for alleged spying activities, the British Foreign Office said yesterday.

The move follows the expulsion of identical numbers of Soviet diplomats and journalists ordered out by the British government on Friday.

Britain denounced the Soviet move as revenge.

"It's a mirror-image act of retaliation," Sir Rodric Braithwaite, Britain's ambassador to Moscow told a news conference hastily called to announce both sets of expulsions.

Mr Roderic Lyne, the embassy's political counsellor, said Sir Rodric was summoned to the Soviet Foreign Ministry on Saturday night and told that 11 British nationals – eight diplomats and three journalists – would have to leave Moscow within 14 days.

The previous day, Soviet ambassador Mr Leonid Zamyatin was called into the British Foreign Office in London and told that 11 Soviets in Britain were engaged in "activities incompatible with their status" and had 14 days to get out, according to the Foreign Office spokesman.

He said Britain had not planned to make public the expulsions, and did so only after the Soviets retaliated in kind.

"It is particulary regrettable at a moment when Anglo-Soviet relations were better than at any time in the past," the spokesman said. He refused to say exactly what the Soviets were accused of doing, but the charge he used of "incompatible activities" is diplomatic jargon for espionage.

Mr Jeremy Harris of the British Broadcasting Corporation, Ian Glover-James of Independent Television News and Angus Roxburgh of the *Sunday Times* of London were given two weeks to leave the Soviet Union, Mr Lyne said.

Mr Roxburgh said he and the other journalists were informed by Sir Rodric yesterday that the Kremlin had ordered them and the eight diplomats to leave "because we had engaged in impermissible activities".

"Needless to say, I find the accusation ludicrous, almost too silly to comment on," he added.

Mr Zamyatin was also told that three former staff members at the Soviet embassy could not come back to Britain, Mr Lyne said.

Asked why the British government had not announced earlier its decision to expel the Soviets, the Foreign Office spokesman said: "We look at these on a case-by-case basis and in this case we decided not to initiate publicity. But obviously once they (the Soviets) retaliated, it just broke." – AP

■ Spy war sours ties: Britain Today Page 2

Good Morning

Today, Page 2 of *The Hongkong Standard* takes on an informative and entertaining new look.

Informative, because it is packed with facts that busy Hongkong people needed to know ... air movements (listed by destination, not, as previously, by airline), useful business numbers, where to find emergency help and make a complaint, and what's good on television.

Entertaining, because along with some excellent reading – a daily *Openers* column and news and pictures about people, you'll also find a quick crossword, your fortune in the stars, and Gary Larson's hilarious *Far Side* cartoon.

It's all in the new Page 2. Good morning.

WEATHER: 25°C — 29°C. Mainly cloudy.

Details on Page 19



百萬港人怒喝打倒李鵬
環島遊行聲勢震撼北京

龍頭黃昏抵新華社·進打能尾始起行

不管左派與右派
全家老少都動員
支流滙入隊伍不斷壯大

帽子敬李鵬
總理製造動亂

星島日報

百萬人遊市

文匯報社論開天窗
痛心疾首無話可說

支持民運聯會成立
聞解放軍後撤十六公里
全場鼓掌歡呼響徹雲霄

港大學生
專注學潮
可獲重考

人龍欲操往新華社
警牆阻攔轉入馬場

講者慷慨激昂、民主唇亡齒寒
怒吼皆因忍無可忍
做勇敢中國人·馬場數十萬人高歌

拍電報萬里與五個省市
港人大代表籲開緊急會

新華社員工告同胞書
斥李鵬等人錯誤決定
港人應將真相告大陸鄉親



RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月
22
星期一
己巳年四月十八
北京地区天气预报
白天 多云转阴
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 阴转晴
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 27℃
最低 15℃

第14926期 (代号1—1)

人民日报社出版

聂帅徐帅答复科大部分学生

戒严部队绝不是针对学生来的

希望同学们不要听信谣言尽快返校复课

新华社北京5月21日电 今天下午7时，中国科技大学朱忠之、罗志强等11名学生来到聂荣臻老帅住地，请求聂帅会见并递交了一封信。信中说：敬爱的聂帅，今天下午李鹏去待会议作出四点决定：一、这次学生的爱国运动定性为暴乱；二、不惜用20天时间镇压掉天安门广场上的20万大学生；三、腾出首都各大监狱；四、明晨5点所有环卫工人上班清扫天安门广场。消息千真万确，部队已调署完毕，情况万分危急。请求聂帅从天安门广场上200万市民、20万学生的性命着想，出来说句公道话、表态，并恳求聂帅立即回音。我们在门外等着您！有可能的话请聂帅务必于今晚到天安门广场看望群众和学生。聂帅说：“一、这四条纯属谣言，请同学们不要轻信；二、军队到北京来，实施戒严，完全是为了维护首都的社会秩序和安定。希望同学们协助解放军做好这一工作；三、希望同学们为了国家尊严、首都的秩序、市民的生活、自己的健康和学习，能尽快撤离天安门广场。希望科大同学带个头，返校复课。”

新华社北京5月21日电 今晚9时左右，中国科技大学7名学生来到徐向前老帅住地，徐帅住地工作人员接待了他们。学生的代表说，军队要镇压学生，很可能在今晚发生流血事件，请求徐帅说句话。徐帅住地工作人员回答说，部队执行戒严任务是为了恢复首都的正常秩序，维护安定团结的局面，绝不是针对学生来的。部队的同志决不愿意发生流血事件，并会采取一切措施来避免。请你们不要听信谣言。希望同学们尽快返校复课，以理智态度协助政府平息事态。徐帅住地的工作人员把答复的意见报告了徐帅，徐帅表示同意。同学们听完答复后很快离去。

戒严部队指挥部告北京市民书

执行戒严任务完全是为了恢复正常秩序决不是对付学生
希望学生和社会各界人士能充分理解给予大力支持协助

新华社北京5月21日电 中国人民解放军戒严部队指挥部今天发布告北京市市民书，全文如下：

1989年5月20日10时，中国人民解放军遵照国务院戒严令和北京市人民政府令，派部队到北京部分地区协助北京市的公安干警和武警部队执行戒严任务。为使戒严部队能够顺利履行职责，现就有关问题向首都人民通告如下：

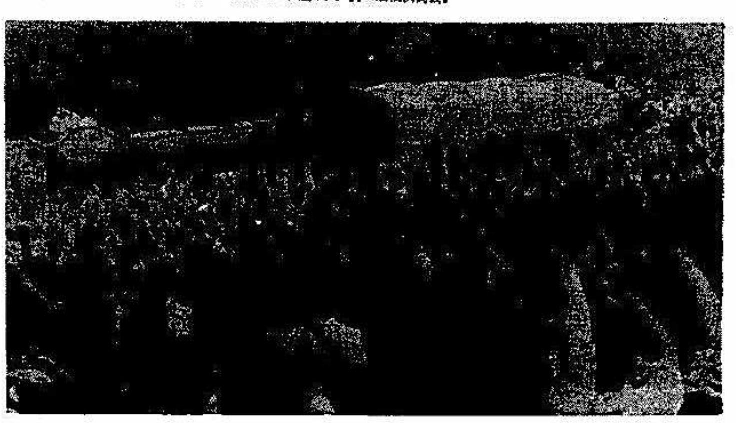
一、中国人民解放军是中国共产党领导下的人民军队，是人民的子弟兵。全心全意为人民服务，是我军的唯一宗旨。根据宪法履行保卫祖国、保卫人民和平劳动的光荣任务，是我军的神圣义务。部队执行戒严任务，完全是为了维护首都治安，恢复正常秩序。决不是对付爱国学生的。

二、戒严部队在执行任务过程中，受到一些阻拦。部队从大局出发，采取了最大限度的克制态度。广大人民群众也从各方面给予了配合。目前，首都的秩序仍然处于十分混乱的状态，交通中断，某些商品供应短缺，治安形势有可能进一步恶化，人民群众深感不安和忧虑。戒严部队必须坚决执行政府的法令，我们有责任采取各种有效措施扭转这种局面。对于极少数搞打、砸、抢、烧的犯罪分子，我们将根据法律，按照首都人民包括爱国学生的意愿，采取坚决措施予以处置。希望广大爱国学生和社会各界人士能够充分理解，并给予大力支持和协助。

三、广大人民群众关于整治“官倒”，反对腐败，推进社会主义民主和法制建设的要求，人民解放军给予坚决的支持。我们执行戒严任务，恢复首都的正常秩序，正是为了创造实现这些要求的社会环境。我们相信党和政府会代表人民的意志，采取有力措施，在民主和法制的轨道上解决各种现实问题。

四、执行戒严任务的部队，将严格遵守各项纪律，并在部队中开展“热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生”的教育，发扬我军拥政爱民的光荣传统，反对任何有损军民之间鱼水感情的言行，以实际行动维护国家和人民的根本利益。

我们相信，首都人民和青年学生，一定能够以高度的爱国热情和社会责任感，顾全大局，进一步采取理智和克制的态度，支持部队完成戒严任务，尽快恢复首都的正常秩序。



20日中午，滞阻在北京朝阳区呼家楼道口上的军车陆续启程。一位解放军军官对聚集在军车周围的群众说：“我们是人民子弟兵，决不会镇压人民”，群众报以热烈的掌声。

本报记者 迪 迪摄

就调入部分解放军参加执行首都戒严任务

北京市政府发言人答记者问

新华社北京5月20日电 北京市人民政府发言人今天就调入部分人民解放军参加执行首都戒严任务一事，回答了记者提出的问题。

问：为什么要调军队到北京来？

答：大家知道，近几天北京市的无政府状态越来越严重，这种状况已经严重影响了全市人民的生产、工作、学习和生活秩序。各种社会闲杂人员也涌入北京，社会治安日趋恶化。北京是党中央、国务院所在地，还有许多外国驻华机构。北京市原有的公安干警和武装警察队伍是根据正常形势的需要配备的。在当前的特殊情况下，由他们担负维护首都秩序的任务已不可能。根据执行国务院发布的北京市部分地区戒严令的需要，经中央军委批准，从外地调一些部队进入北京市，协助北京市的公安干警和武警部队执行戒严任务。

问：调进北京市的部队担负哪些任务？

答：关于这个问题，昨天杨尚昆同志在首都党政军干部大会上已经讲了。概括来说，部队的任务有四项：第一，维护首都秩序，保障全市人民能够正常地进行生产、工作、学习和生活。第二，保障中央和北京市党政领导机关的正常工作。第三，保障重要部门和单位的安全。第四，保障公共财产不受侵犯和公民个人的生命财产安全。

问：军队进入北京，是否意味着要镇压学生？

答：在当前社会秩序严重混乱的情况下，社会上谣言很多。其中之一就是“军队进入北京是镇压学生的”。这是毫无根据的。人民解放军是人民的子弟兵，他们是保卫国家和人民的。他们进入北京，决不是对付学生的，更谈不上“镇压学生”。

问：对高等学校是否要进行军管？

答：根据戒严令的要求，有些部队可能会在学校周围执行任务，这是为了协助本市公安干警和武装警察维护学校周围的正常秩序，保证学校师生员工能够进行正常的工作、学习和生活，保护师生员工的生命财产安全，根本没有军管的任务。

北京市常务副市长张百发发表讲话

呼吁市民共同努力 维护公共交通秩序

据新华社北京5月21日电 北京市常务副市长张百发今天在北京电视台发表讲话，呼吁全市人民共同努力，保证市民基本生活需要不受太大影响。

张百发说，现在北京市煤气、液化气告急，电热告急，菜奶蛋等主要副食品运不进来，垃圾运不出去。这一切问题的关键是交通。他呼吁全市人民维护公共交通秩序，保持公共电汽车线路的畅通。

北京戒严第二天

本报北京5月22日凌晨4时30分讯 国务院在北京部分地区实行戒严的命令生效业已40多小时。在市政府划定的戒严区域内，仍未见到异于往日的突发情况。

21日星期日，天安门广场上，和平请愿的首都的和从外地赶来的大批大学生出肩静坐。东西长安街上，人流夜以继日。在不到百米的低空，数架军用直升机往复掠过，不时撒下用大号字印的李鹏总理讲话传单，引起阵阵骚动。

戒严令发出以后，广大市民担心执行戒严令的解放军进城引发生流血事件，夜间在通向郊区的一些主要交通路口设置道道路障。城市公共汽车、电车已中断两天，地铁停运。东西长安街等主要街道，群众自动维护交通秩序，指挥过往的各种车辆和行人。一些居民给报社打电话，抱怨看不到报纸，拿不到牛奶。入夜，在用各种大型车辆及其他什物设起路障的许多交通路口，又聚集起黑压压的人群。

新华社转发《解放军报》社论

维护首都和全国稳定的重大措施

新华社北京5月21日电 《解放军报》今天发表题为《维护首都和全国稳定的重大措施》的社论，全文如下：

根据中华人民共和国宪法的规定，李鹏总理签署国务院命令，从5月20日10时起在北京部分地区实行戒严。这是迅速制止正在蔓延的动乱，维护首都和全国稳定的果断措施。充分反映了全党、全军和全国人民的利益和愿望。全军同志对这一保卫四项基本原则和十年改革成果的英明决策热烈拥护，坚决贯彻执行。

实行戒严是不得已的。近一个时期以来，极少数人利用青年学生的爱国热情，煽动闹事，制造动乱。他们利用各种大小字报、传单标语，放肆地诬蔑、丑化、谩骂、攻击党和国家领导人，反对中国共产党的领导。他们制造各种谣言，蛊惑人心，挑拨离间，煽动对党和政府的不满情绪；他们鼓动一些人四处串联，煽动罢课、罢教、罢工，搞游行示威，静坐绝食，向党和政府施加压力。进入5月份以来，卷入游行示威的学生和其他群众越来越多，许多高等学校陷于瘫痪，公共交通到处堵塞，党政机关受到冲击，社会治安恶化，严重干扰和破坏了全市人民的生产、工作、学习和生活的正常秩序。举世瞩目的中苏高级会晤中的一些国事活动安排，也因此而被迫变更或取消，极大地损害了我国的国际形象和声誉。尽管党和政府一直采取了忍让和克制的态度，一些领导多次与部分学生代表对话，反复地进行耐心的说服和解释，但事态并没有平息，反而向外地蔓延，愈演愈烈。这几天北京发生的问题，已经类似“文化大革命”开始时的情形。很显然，如果再不采取果断措施坚决加以制止，中国就将天下大乱，十年改革成果就会毁于一旦，治理整顿、发展经济、整治腐败、加强民主与法制建设，以及改善人民生活等等，都将化为泡影，一个很有希望的中国就会变成一个没有希望的中国。

我们清楚地知道，广大青年学生的心灵是善良的，他们在主观上是不想搞动乱的。他们有爱国热情，希望促进民主，消除腐败，许多正确的意见同党和政府要努力实现的目标是一致的，同广大人民群众、同我军干部战士的愿望也是一致的。他们同一心制造动乱的极少数人有根本区别。但事态的发展已经完全不以青年学生的主观愿望为转移，正在越来越走向他们愿望的反面。大量事实越来越清楚地表明，极少数人制造的这场动乱，完全是有计划、有组织的阴谋活动，其目的就是要推翻中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。这是一场关系到改革和建设的成败，关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃的严重的政治斗争。全军同志一定要看清这场动乱的真相，清醒地认识这场斗争的实质，认识这场斗争的严重性，千万不可掉以轻心！

中国人民解放军是中华人民共和国的武装力量，是人民民主专政的主要支柱，是人民利益的忠诚卫士。宪法明确规定，人民解放军的根本任务，是巩固国防，抵抗侵略，保卫祖国，保卫人民的和平劳动。制止动乱，恢复秩序，维护社会安定，军队有责任，有义务发挥自己应有的作用。全军干部战士一定要紧紧团结在党中央、国务院、中央军委的周围，保持高度的集中统一，发扬军委邓小平主席倡导的“五种革命精神”，坚决维护党和政府的权威，竭尽全力圆满完成宪法赋予我军的神圣使命。

人民军队同人民血肉相连，我军履行职责，制止动乱，为的是维护人民的根本利益。维护包括广大青年学生在内的全体人民的生产、工作、学习和生活秩序，使改革开放有一个稳定的环境。部队在首都执行戒严任务，协助首都武警、公安干警维护社会治安，绝对不是针对青年学生的。部队干部战士将严格遵照党和政府的命令，绝不伤害好人，更不会伤害青年学生。我们相信，广大的工人、农民、知识分子、青年学生，以及一切希望安定团结、盼望国家振兴富强的有责任感的公民，都会对执行戒严任务的部队给予充分的理解，给以各方面的支持。执行戒严任务的全体干部战士，要时时处处模范地执行国家的法律、法规和政策，严格遵守党、国家和军队的纪律，爱护首都一草一木，不拿群众一针一线，同各界人民群众一道，为制止动乱、恢复秩序，维护安定团结的政治局面，推进改革和建设大业而共同努力奋斗！

一些省市党政领导机关致电党中央国务院

新华社北京5月21日电 上海、陕西、湖南、河北、河南、福建等省市党政领导机关认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，并致电党中央、国务院表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院为迅速恢复首都正常秩序而采取的措施。

上海市委的电报

党中央：

上海市委常委全体同志以极其振奋的心情收看了中央召开的党政军负责干部大会的实况转播，聆听了李鹏同志和尚昆同志的重要讲话。市委常委全体同志一致表示坚决拥护李鹏同志代表中央政治局常委所作的报告和提出的各项意见，市委常委并立即召集主要高校党政负责同志和公安、卫生部门负责同志，部署了有关工作。接着由江泽民、朱镕基等市党政负责同志去学生静坐绝食现场，劝告他们停止绝食，接受治疗。

市委决心更加紧密地团结在党中央的周围，号召全市共产党员和全市人民，坚决贯彻中央政治局常委的各项决定，和党中央保持一致，为维护社会的安定和经济的稳定，为坚持四项基本原则，为坚持改革开放而努力奋斗！

中共上海市委员会

1989年5月20日凌晨二时

陕西省委、省政府的电报

党中央、国务院：

今天上午八时半，我们紧急召开省委常委扩大会议，再次收看了昨天晚上党中央、国务院召开首都党政军干部大会的录相，进行了认真学习讨论。到会同志一致表示：坚决拥护党中央、国务院作出的制止动乱的英明决策，坚决拥护李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的重要讲话。

西安地区出现的情况说明，全国最近一个时期发生的动乱，其实质是否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度，是一场严重的政治斗争。如果任其发展，就可能使少数人的阴谋得逞，就会把一个很有希望的中国变成一个混乱不堪的没有希望的中国。这是全党和全国人民绝不能容许的。党中央、国务院的决策，代表了全国人民的根本利益，必将得到广大人民的支持和拥护。

陕西省委、省政府，已经对学习贯彻党中央、国务院的决策，作出了安排部署。全省党员和广大人民，决心在党中央、国务院的领导下，和衷共济，团结一致，立即行动起来，坚决反对动乱，制止动乱，坚守岗位，努力工作，稳定陕西形势，把我省改革和建设推向前进，为夺取这场斗争的全胜做出自己的贡献。

中共陕西省委 陕西省人民政府

1989年5月20日

湖南省委的电报

党中央：

5月20日凌晨，中央电视台播放了李鹏同志代表党中央和国务院在中央和北京市机关干部大会上的重要讲话以后，湖南省委在家的常委立即组织了学习讨论，大家一致表示，坚决拥护李鹏同志的重要讲话，坚决拥护杨尚昆同志的讲话，拥护党中央的重大决策和所采取的果断措施。大家认为，当前出现的这场动乱决不能任其发展，这种严重情况决不能继续下去了。李鹏同志的重要讲话和中央所采取的措施，很及时，很重要，是解决当前动乱的有力武器，全省各级党委、政府和广大军民要坚定不移地贯彻执行。

最近几天，我省长沙等地也接连发生了大规模的示威游行活动，已经影响到一些机关和部分企事业单位工作的正常运转，给经济工作和社会治安也带来了很多困难和问题，在人民群众中造成了严重的思想混乱。为了保持湖南局势的稳定，我们采取了一些措施。（一）切实加强领导，积极做好工作，稳定局势。各级领导班子一定要经得起考验，坚定不移地同党中央保持一致。同时，要主动做好工作，稳定本地区、本单位、本部门，要继续稳定学校、稳定工厂、稳定机关、稳定农村。要通过艰苦细致的工作，千方百计地缓解各类社会矛盾。（二）各级领导班子要搞好分工，组成两套人马，切实做好稳定社会局势和经济生产两方面的工作。省委、省政府成立了两套班子，一套班子抓稳定社会局势工作，一套班子抓生产指挥。要求抓好工业生产，努力增加有效供给。特别要抓好当前农业生产，确保今年农业丰收。各高校要做好工作，要求学生不再搞游行活动，由校长出面动员学生复课。同时，做好绝食学生的思想工作，动员他们迅速停止绝食，返回学校。（三）要确保城市服务部门工作的正常运转。城市的供电、供水、供气和公共交通要正常运行。各地要切实安排好市场，确保粮、油等食品和群众日常生产用品的供应，千方百计保障城市人民生活的正常需要。（四）切实维护好社会治安、交通秩序。要求公安部门加强对社会面的控制，严防恶性事件的发生。对打砸抢烧分子采取果断措施，依法惩处。

中共湖南省委

1989年5月20日

河北省委的电报

中共中央：

5月20日上午，省委、省顾委、省纪委、省人大、省政府、省政协、省军区的负责同志举行联席会议，认真学习讨论了李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的重要讲话，并传达了李锡铭同志介绍的有关北京市的情况。省委书记邢崇智主持了这次会议。

与会同志一致表示，坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，坚决拥护党中央、国务院为迅速制止首都发生的动乱而已经和正在采取的各项决策、措施。大家认为，目前所发生的动乱，已经给我们的政治、经济以及对外工作等造成了恶劣的影响，如不迅速扭转局面，将会造成不堪设想的后果。在这种关系党和国家命运和前途的关键时刻，党中央、国务院采取果断措施，并号召全党全军全国各族人民紧急动员起来，坚决制止动乱，稳定局势，是非常及时和正确的。这充分证明，我们党是坚强的、有战斗力的，是坚决代表和维护国家和人民的利益的。大家表示，一定要贯彻落实好中央的指示精神，立即动员全省广大党员和人民群众，紧急行动起来，迅速投入制止动乱的斗争，为稳定局势，巩固安定团结的政治局面，保证建设和改革的顺利进行作出不懈的努力。

（下转第二版）

内梅特总理说

不准用军队解决内政问题 匈牙利面临动荡潜在危险

新华社布达佩斯5月20日电 匈牙利社会主义工人党政治局委员、政府总理内梅特19日指出，在今年6月16日重新安葬纳吉和10月23日匈牙利事件周年之际，匈牙利面临着发生动荡局面的潜在危险。

内梅特是在19日匈牙利人民军高级将领会议上说这番话的。此间新闻媒介20日发表了他的讲话。

内梅特说：“我认为，应该不准许任何政治力量利用军队来解决内政问题”，“斯大林模式的一个最可恨的特点就是肆意动用武装力量整治本国人民。我们应该最坚决地同过去的这种做法决裂。过去的做法造成的后果是，至今在公众当中和在人们心理上还存在着一种潜流，那就是对武装力量惧怕和怀疑。”

在匈牙利实行政治多元化的过程中，社会上许多人担心军队干预和阻挠政治进程的发展。此间观察家认为，内梅特的讲话就是针对这种顾虑而言的。